D. G.O.

SUDHAGAD: WINTER - 2016

SUBJECT: OBSTETRICS INCLUDING OPERATIVE OBSTETRICS & DISEASES OF NEWBORN (PAPER – I)

Day : Saturday Time: 2.00 P.M. TO 5.00 P.M. Date : 03/12/2016 Max. Marks: 100 N.B.: 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) Draw neat and labeled diagram WHEREVER necessary. 3) Describe the physiology of Third Stage of Labour. Describe in details AMTSL [15] Q.1 (Active Management of Third Stage of Labour). What are the differential diagnosis of Convulsions during pregnancy? How will [15] Q.2you manage a case of Eclampsia at 36 weeks of gestation? Q.3 Write short notes on ANY SEVEN of the following: [70] a) Hyperemesis Gravidarum b) Hyperbillirubinaemia in New Born c) Puerperal Sepsis d) Aetiology and management of Transverse Lie e) Non Immune Hydrops Fetalis

f) Labetelol in Pre-Eclampsia

g) Prerequisites of Vacuum Delivery

h) Screening of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus

SUDHAGAD: WINTER - 2016

SUBJECT: OBSTETRICS INCLUDING OPERATIVE OBSTETRICS & DISEASES OF NEWBORN (PAPER – I)

Day : Saturday
Date : 03/12/2016

Time: 2.00 P.M. TO 5.00 P.M.

Max. Marks: 100

N.B.:

All questions are COMPULSORY.

2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks.

3) Draw neat and labeled diagram WHEREVER necessary.

- Q.1 Describe the physiology of Third Stage of Labour. Describe in details AMTSL [15] (Active Management of Third Stage of Labour).
- Q.2 What are the differential diagnosis of Convulsions during pregnancy? How will [15] you manage a case of Eclampsia at 36 weeks of gestation?
- Q.3 Write short notes on ANY SEVEN of the following:

[70]

- a) Hyperemesis Gravidarum
- b) Hyperbillirubinaemia in New Born
- c) Puerperal Sepsis
- d) Aetiology and management of Transverse Lie
- e) Non Immune Hydrops Fetalis
- f) Labetelol in Pre-Eclampsia
- g) Prerequisites of Vacuum Delivery
- h) Screening of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus

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SUDHAGAD: WINTER - 2016 SUBJECT : GYNAECOLOGY & FAMILY PLANNING (PAPER – II)

Time: 2.00 P.M. TO 5.00 P.M. : Monday Max. Marks: 100 Date : 05/12/2016 N.B.: All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) Draw neat and labeled diagram WHEREVER necessary. 3) Describe with illustration, the physiology of Normal Menstruation. [15] Q.1 Describe with illustration various types of IUCD (Intra Uterine Contraceptive [15] Q.2 Describe in detail the contraindications, prerequisites and Devices). complications of IUCD. [70]Write short notes on ANY SEVEN of the following: Q.3 a) Degenerations of Leiomyoma b) Non scalpel Vasectomy (NSV) c) Role of Laparoscopy in Gynaecology d) Tubal Patency Tests Ormeloxifene (Centchroman) Bacterial Vaginosis g) Aetiopathogenesis of Pyometra h) Bartholin Cyst

SUDHAGAD: WINTER - 2016 SUBJECT: GYNAECOLOGY & FAMILY PLANNING (PAPER – II)

Time: 2.00 P.M. TO 5.00 P.M. : Monday Max. Marks: 100 Date: 05/12/2016 N.B.: All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) Draw neat and labeled diagram WHEREVER necessary. 3) Describe with illustration, the physiology of Normal Menstruation. [15]Q.1Describe with illustration various types of IUCD (Intra Uterine Contraceptive [15] Q.2 Describe in detail the contraindications, prerequisites and complications of IUCD. [70] Write short notes on ANY SEVEN of the following: Q.3 a) Degenerations of Leiomyoma b) Non scalpel Vasectomy (NSV) c) Role of Laparoscopy in Gynaecology d) Tubal Patency Tests e) Ormeloxifene (Centchroman) f) Bacterial Vaginosis g) Aetiopathogenesis of Pyometra h) Bartholin Cyst

SUDHAGAD: WINTER - 2016

SUBJECT : BASIC SCINECES, SOCIAL OBSTETRICS, MCH, FAMILY WELFARE & RECENT ADVANCES (PAPER – III)

Time: 2.00 P.M. TO 5.00 P.M. : Wednesday Day Max. Marks: 100 Date : 07/12/2016 N.B.: All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) Draw neat and labeled diagram WHEREVER necessary. 3) Describe gross anatomy, histology and physiology of fallopian tube. [15] Q.1 Classify contraceptives. Describe mechanism of action, side effects and [15] $\mathbb{Q}.2$ complications of COC (Combined Oral Contraceptives). Write short notes on ANY SEVEN of the following: [70] Q.3 a) IVIS (Intra Venous Iron Sucrose) in Pregnancy b) Prevention of vertical transmission of HIV - AIDS c) Triple marker test in Pregnancy d) Janani Suraksha Yojana e) VIA (Visual Inspection of cervix with Acetic Acid)

g) Medical management of GTD (Gestational Trophoblastic Disease)

f) Folic Acid Prophylaxis

h) Tocolysis in Preterm Labour

SUDHAGAD: WINTER - 2016

SUBJECT : BASIC SCINECES, SOCIAL OBSTETRICS, MCH, FAMILY WELFARE & RECENT ADVANCES (PAPER – III)

Day: Wednesday
Date: 07/12/2016

Time: 2.00 P.M. TO 5.00 P.M.

Max. Marks: 100

N.B.:

All questions are COMPULSORY.

2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks.

3) Draw neat and labeled diagram WHEREVER necessary.

Q.1 Describe gross anatomy, histology and physiology of fallopian tube.

[15]

- Q.2 Classify contraceptives. Describe mechanism of action, side effects and [15] complications of COC (Combined Oral Contraceptives).
- Q.3 Write short notes on ANY SEVEN of the following:

[70]

- a) IVIS (Intra Venous Iron Sucrose) in Pregnancy
- b) Prevention of vertical transmission of HIV AIDS
- c) Triple marker test in Pregnancy
- d) Janani Suraksha Yojana
- e) VIA (Visual Inspection of cervix with Acetic Acid)
- f) Folic Acid Prophylaxis
- g) Medical management of GTD (Gestational Trophoblastic Disease)
- h) Tocolysis in Preterm Labour

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